

Clearing Permit Decision Report

1. Application details

1.1. Permit application details

Permit application No.:

1261/1

Permit type:

Purpose Permit

1.2. Proponent details

Proponent's name:

Timbercorp Forestry

1.3. Property details

Property:

0.3

LOT 2151 ON PLAN 206916 (DENBARKER 6324)

LOT 6589 ON PLAN 208584 (NARRIKUP 6326)

LOT 6596 ON PLAN 174985 (NARRIKUP 6326)

Local Government Area:

Shire Of Plantagenet

Colloquial name:

Weber, Anning and Lymon

1.4. Application

Clearing Area (ha)

No. Trees

Method of Clearing

For the purpose of:

Mechanical Removal

Road construction or maintenance

2. Site Information

2.1. Existing environment and information

2.1.1. Description of the native vegetation under application

Vegetation Description

Beard Vegetation Type: 3 -Medium forest; jarrah-marri (Hopkins et al, 2001) **Clearing Description**

The proposal comprises 5 crossovers to allow access to bluegum plantation for harvesting. The total area proposed to be cleared is 3000 square metres (or approximately 600 square

Vegetation Condition

Very Good: Vegetation structure altered; obvious signs of disturbance (Keighery 1994) Comment

The vegetation condition is generally very good with intact understorey with some areas of localised disturbance (from photos supplied by Timbercorp TRIM ref Al948).

3. Assessment of application against clearing principles

metres each).

(a) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it comprises a high level of biological diversity.

Comments

Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

Photographs taken of the areas under application (Al948) show that the vegetation is in good to excellent condition, but contain vegetation types which are relatively common. While the areas do contain important levels of biodiversity, due to the small area proposed to be cleared, it is considered that removal of this vegetation is not likely to be at variance with this Clearing Principle.

Methodology

Site photos (TRIM ref Al948)

(b) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it comprises the whole or a part of, or is necessary for the maintenance of, a significant habitat for fauna indigenous to Western Australia.

Comments

Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

Aerial photography and photos taken at the sites indicate that while the vegetation is in good to excellent condition and is likely to have habitat values, removal of the small area under application is not likely to be at variance with this Clearing Principle.

Methodology

Site photos (TRIM ref Al948)

GIS Database:

Denmark Orthomosaic, DOLA 2001

(c) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it includes, or is necessary for the continued existence of, rare flora.

Comments

Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

The following significant flora has been identified from the CALM GIS database-

Annings Property (Springs Rd):

- -5km to the north west- Pluerophascum occidentale (Priority 4)
- -8km to the north west and 8km to north east- Caladenia christineae (Declared Rare Flora (DRF))

Within 8km of Lymon and Weber sites (The Pass Rd and Greeuw Rd):

- -Lambertia orbifolia subsp. orbifolia (DRF)
- -Synaphea incurva (Priority 1)
- -Verticordia apecta (DRF)
- -Pleurophascum occidentale (Priority 4)
- -Andersonia sp Mitchell River (Priority 1)
- -Verticordia endlicheriana var. angustifolia (Priority 2)
- -Eucalyptus goniantha subsp. goniantha (Priority 4)
- -Drakea livida
- -Synaphea preissii (Priority 3)
- -Banksia goodii (DRF)
- -Caladenia plicata (Priority 4)
- -Conostylis misera (DRF)
- -Laxmannia jamesii (Priority 4)
- -Centrolepis caespitosa (DRF)

Local databases have indicated that there is not likely to be a high risk of significant flora at the sites under application. Therefore the proposal is not likely to be at variance with this Clearing Principle.

Methodology

CALM (TRIM ref Al973)

GIS Database:

- -Declared Rare and Priority Flora List CALM 01/07/05
- (d) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it comprises the whole or a part of, or is necessary for the maintenance of a threatened ecological community.
- Comments Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

The vegetation of the area under application has not been identified as a Threatened Ecological Community.

Methodology

GIS Dataset

-Threatened Ecological Communities - CALM 15/7/03

(e) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it is significant as a remnant of native vegetation in an area that has been extensively cleared.

Comments Proposal is not at variance to this Principle

The areas under application are located in the Jarrah Forest bioregion in the Shire of Plantagenet. The extent of native vegetation remaining in these areas is 58.7% and 47.8% respectively (Hopkins et al. 2001).

The vegetation of the area applied to clear is a component of Beard Unit 3(Hopkins et al., 2001 Medium Forest; Jarrah Marri with 72.1% (Shepherd et al. 2001) of the pre-European extent remaining, and therefore of 'least concern' status for biodiversity conservation (Department of Natural Resources and Environment 2002).

The areas proposed to be cleared are small and the clearing is not considered to be at variance with this Clearing Principle.

The areas proposed to be cleared are small and the clearing is not considered to be at variance with this Clearing Principle.

Methodology

Department of Natural Resources and Environment (2002)

Hopkins et al., (2001)

Shepherd et al., (2001)

GIS databases:

- Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation of Australia EM 18/10/00
- Local Government Authorities DLI 8/07/04
- Pre European Vegetation DA 01/01
- (f) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it is growing in, or in association with, an environment associated with a watercourse or wetland.

Comments Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

There are no wetlands or watercourses within 400m of the areas under application and due to location of the proposed crossovers and the small area proposed to be cleared it is unlikely that the proposal is at variance with this Clearing Principle.

Methodology Water and Rivers Commission Position Statement: Wetlands (06/06/01)

GIS databases:

- ANCA, Wetlands CALM 08/01
- Hydrography Linear DoE 1/2/04
- RAMSAR, Wetlands CALM 21/10/02

(g) Native vegetation should not be cleared if the clearing of the vegetation is likely to cause appreciable land degradation.

Comments

Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

Due to the small area proposed to be cleared, it is unlikely that salinity, erosion, waterlogging, eutrophication or change in pH is likely to occur as a result of this proposal.

Methodology

GIS databases:

- Salinity Risk LM 25m DOLA 00.
- Groundwater Salinity, Statewide 22/02/00

(h) Native vegetation should not be cleared if the clearing of the vegetation is likely to have an impact on the environmental values of any adjacent or nearby conservation area.

Comments

Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

The Weber crossovers are approximately 1km from the eastern boundary of the Mt Lindsay National Park. The Lymon crossover is approximately 3km from the eastern boundary of the Mt Lindsay National Park. The Anning crossover is approximately 3.2km north east of Mt Roe National Park and 3.2km south west of Pardelup Nature Reserve.

Due to the small area of clearing proposed (0.3ha), and the distance from conservation areas, it is considered that the proposal is not likely to be at variance with this Clearing Principle.

Methodology

GIS database:

- CALM Managed Lands and Waters - CALM 1/06/04

(i) Native vegetation should not be cleared if the clearing of the vegetation is likely to cause deterioration in the quality of surface or underground water.

Comments

Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

The areas under application are not within a RIWI ground water, surface water or irrigation area. Annings is adjacent to, but not within the Kent Country Areas Water Supply Act (1947) area. Due to the small area of the proposal clearing, it is considered that the clearing will not be at variance with this Clearing Principle.

Methodology

GIS databases:

- Hydrographic Catchments, Catchments DoE 3/4/03
- Public Drinking Water Source Areas (PDWSAs) DOE 29/11/04
- RIWI Act, Groundwater Areas WRC 13/06/00
- RIWI Act, Irrigation Districts WRC 13/03/02
- RIWI Act, Surface water Areas WRC 18/10/02

(j) Native vegetation should not be cleared if clearing the vegetation is likely to cause, or exacerbate, the incidence or intensity of flooding.

Comments

Proposal is not likely to be at variance to this Principle

Due to the scale of the proposed clearing, flooding impacts are unlikely to occur.

Methodology

GIS database:

- Topographic Contours, Statewide - DOLA 12/09/02

Planning instrument, Native Title, Previous EPA decision or other matter.

Comments

No submissions were received regarding this proposal.

The Shire of Plantagenet have given approval for the cross overs to be constructed.

The proposal is not known to be at variance with any planning instruments, EPA decisions or other matters.

Methodology

4. Assessor's recommendations

0.3

Purpose Method Applied Decision area (ha)/ trees

Comment / recommendation

Road Mechanical construction Removal

Grant

It is recommended that the application be granted as the proposal is either not at variance or not likely to be at variance with the Clearing Principles. It is advised that Timbercorp adhere to Main Road Department standards for large vehicle crossovers

5. References

- Department of Natural Resources and Environment (2002) Biodiversity Action Planning. Action planning for native biodiversity at multiple scales; catchment bioregional, landscape, local. Department of Natural Resources and Environment, Victoria.
- Hopkins, A.J.M., Beeston, G.R. and Harvey J.M. (2001) A database on the vegetation of Western Australia. Stage 1. CALMScience after J. S. Beard, late 1960's to early 1980's Vegetation Survey of Western Australia, UWA Press.
- Keighery, B.J. (1994) Bushland Plant Survey: A Guide to Plant Community Survey for the Community. Wildflower Society of WA (Inc). Nedlands, Western Australia.
- Shepherd, D.P., Beeston, G.R. and Hopkins, A.J.M. (2001) Native Vegetation in Western Australia, Extent, Type and Status. Resource Management Technical Report 249. Department of Agriculture, Western Australia.

6. Glossary

Term Meaning

CALM Department of Conservation and Land Management

DAWA Department of Agriculture

DEP Department of Environmental Protection (now DoE)

DoE Department of Environment

DoIR Department of Industry and Resources

DRF Declared Rare Flora

EPP Environmental Protection Policy
GIS Geographical Information System
ha Hectare (10,000 square metres)
TEC Threatened Ecological Community

WRC Water and Rivers Commission (now DoE)